

# **CZNIC HaaS Malware Analysis**

CyberSecurity Technology Institute, Institute for Information Industry

Presenter : Chia Min, Sena, Lai



# Outline

- The Cooperation of CZ.NIC and III
- Statistics Result of Malware
- Malware Family Classiffication
- Malicious Domain Analysis

# The Cooperation of CZ.NIC and III

- Implement HaaS Project from 1. June 2016 to 31. May 2018
- CZ.NIC provides malware samples to III
   Dionaea: 6071 (~ 13. Feb. 2018)

- Cowrie: 8220 (~ 13. Feb. 2018)



#### **Statistics**



# Map the category with VT information

 Extract Indicators of Compromise (IoC) from malware samples and obtain more information through VirusTotal (VT)

[ref] https://www.virustotal.com/#/home/upload

#### **m** virustotal

SHA256: File name: Detection rate: Analysis date:	Bins.sh 22 / 56 2017-05-18 02:10:30 UTC (October, 1 week ago)	0 0 0
🖻 analysis 🚯 C	Other information	
• File identification	í.	
MD5		
SHA1		
SHA256		
Ssdeep	24: vcyEorpMvPWHs4rlHNUGA/dWJa3Smu3eTsm:vdEorq+M4rONUGGdUa3C6R	
File size	1.6 KB ( 1600 bytes )	
File type	unknown	
Magic literal	Bourne-Again shell script text executable	
TrID	Linux/UNIX shell script (100.0%)	
VirusTotal metad	ata	
First submission	2017-04-22 04:42:53 UTC (November, 1 week ago)	
Last submission	2017-04-22 04:42:53 UTC (November, 1 week ago)	

#### **m virustotal**

SHA256:		
File name:	Bins.sh	
Detection rate:	22 / 56	<b>(1)</b>
Analysis date:	2017-05-18 02:10:30 UTC (October, 1 week ago)	

 -	and	6	- 1	~
di	101	W.	51	3

Other information

Antivirus	result	Updated
Ad-Aware	Trojan.Downloader.BashAgent.TX	20170518
AegisLab	Troj.Downloader.Shell!c	20170518
ALYac	Trojan.Downloader.BashAgent.TX	20170518
Arcabit	Trojan.Downloader.BashAgent.TX	20170518
Avast	BV:Downloader-IB [Drp]	20170518
AVG	Linux/Downloader.CP	20170518
BitDefender	Trojan.Downloader.BashAgent.TX	20170517
Cyren	Trojan.MAQB-3	20170518
DrWeb	Linux.DownLoader.275	20170518



#### However...



SHA256: File name: Index Detection rate: 0 / 56 Analysis date: 2018-	c.html 5 -01-24 09:36:59 UTC ( 2 months ago)
analysis Other in	formation Comment 1 vote
• File identification	
MD5	
SHA1	
SHA256	
Ssdeep	48: nSZLa5BNWvomYV8KYbgnrerxPerorq0QkIMxPzISmX8mEtHmczmIhUE5soXXnRtl: MLYBNyXKYYrerxPerorq0hFxLISmX8mz
File size	2.9 KB ( 3001 bytes )
File type	HTML
Magic literal	HTML document text
TrID	HyperText Markup Language with DOCTYPE (80.6%) HyperText Markup Language (19.3%)
Tags	Html
🛷 VirusTotal metadata	
First submission	2018-01-24 09:36:59 UTC ( 2 months ago)
Last submission	2018-01-24 09:36:59 UTC ( 2 months ago)
File name	Index.html



## **Malware Families Classifier**



#### **Malware Family Classification**

- Extract n-gram of binary bytes and transform them to computed features via TF-IDF.
- Adapt Symantec naming rules as malware families label.
- Show roughly malware families distribution in the way of projection by TSNE
- Find out which classification methods can get best performance of accuracy rate.

[ref]https://devblogs.nvidia.com/malware-detection-neural-networks/

[ref]http://website.aub.edu.lb/fas/cs/grad\_proj/Documents/posters16\_17/Project2.pdf [ref]https://www.symantec.com/security-center/virusnaming

2018 © 資訊工業策進會



# **Get malware labels from VT**

#### Top-10 malware in cowrie with Symantec naming rules









# **Get malware labels from VT**

Top-10 malware in dionaea with Symantec naming rules









# **Get malware labels from VT**

Top-10 malware in cowrie + dionaea with Symantec naming rules







#### fn TSNE with 1-gram TF-IDF model





## Category merging-Merge to 6 malware

Top-6 malware in cowrie + dionaea with Symantec naming rules







#### fm TSNE with 1-gram TF-IDF model



#### fm TSNE with 2-gram TF-IDF model



#### fn TSNE with 3-gram TF-IDF model





# **Classifiers comparison**



N-grams comparison (accuracy)

2 —	0.957	0.951	0.943	0.956	0.72	0.932	0.948
1	0.96	0.951	0.956	0.962	0.859	0.932	0.959
0	0.962	0.954	0.96	0.959	0.867	0.924	0.956
0	Randomforest	ExtraTree	DecisionTree	K-neighbors	QDA	SÝM	XGBoost

📕 1-gram 📕 2-gram 📕 3-gram



# **About the Classifier**

- Using only binary bytes information can help to distinguish different types of malware.
- Based on the features of 1-gram from binaries, we can classify malwares to their belonging families with high accuracy. The detection rate is over 95%.
- We can classify the unknown malwares into their belonging families.

#### m Malicious Domain Analysis (1/3)

- Step 1: Run dynamic analysis for each malware sample.
- Step 2: Extract the URL list from network
  traffic logs
- Step 3: Extend the C2 via Ziffer system and get further understanding about each URL.

#### fit Malicious Domain Analysis (2/3)

• Explore Malware Distribution of each malicious domain name. The ZifferSystem will output the Malware Distribution graph and distribution information.



# Malicious Domain Analysis (3/3)

- 334 malicious domain groups have been generated.
- 17 malicious domain groups were exist in our threat intelligence platform.
- An example of a malicious domain group:





